

Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale del Lazio e della Toscana M. Aleandri

WOAH Reference Laboratory for Equine Infectious Anaemia

Reference Laboratory





Equine Infectious Anaemia

Italian National Control Programme

2022 Workshops Equine Diseases 9-10 November Maisons Alfort, Paris

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Guarantee national and international movement of healthy animals

National Decree -Feb 2016 Italian national surveillance plan for the control of EIA

MAIN OBJECTIVES

Adopt a risk based surveillance in relation to the incidence estimated at Regional level

Implement dedicated information systems in support of the effectiveness of epidemiological surveillance

Surveillance ongoing in Italy

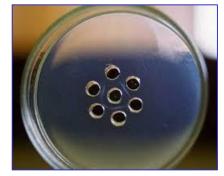




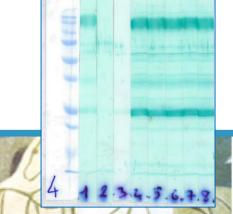
Three Tier Strategy: Field Testing



- First (peripheral labs) → ELISA
- 2. Second (Craie) → ELISA + AGID



3. Third (Craie) \Longrightarrow ELISA + AGID + Immunoblotting



PROFICIENCY TEST ORGANIZED BY CRAIE

During 2016-2021 CRAIE organized the following proficiency test for AIE serological diagnosis:

YEAR	TEST	N° LAB	N° campioni	Cohen's K multiple
2017	ELISA	44	30	0,99
	AGID	29	20	0,96
2020	ELISA	45	14	1,00
	AGID	12	12	1,00





PROFICIENCY TEST ORGANIZED BY CRAIE

The purpose of the PT is to monitor the levels of technical and diagnostic proficiency of the laboratories that carry out the EIA serodiagnosis.

The results obtained confirm the reliability of the results and the robustness of the diagnostic system throughout the national territory



2016: criteria for categorizing



regional risk level

High risk areas

- ✓Areas in which on the basis of the previous control plans less than 50% of the registered herds were controlled in previous years

 Or
- ✓ Areas in which more than 50% of the herds were controlled but observed prevalence was > 0.5%

CRAILE WebGIS Legence - Annual Legence - Annual Continues Course - Annual Continues Course - Annual Continues Course - Annual Continues Course - Annual C

Low risk areas

✓ areas not included in the previous category

Area with active surveillance (ASA): areas with a 3km radius from an incident or prevalent case of EIA

Infection clusters: areas with at least 2 incident/prevalent cases of EIA at a maximum distance of 5km



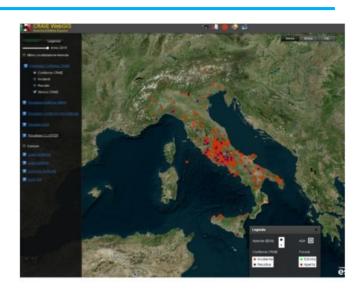


Control activities

High risk areas

Annual control of all equids >12 months of age – excluding meat equids

Low risk areas



- ✓ all equids >12 months of age, controlled every three years
- ✓ annual testing in areas with active infections and infection clusters

Independently from the risk area level

Annual control of high risk categories i.e. work horses, mules and all stables in which mules are also present and equids on slaughter.

THE PLAN IS CURRENTLY UNDER REVIEW, WITH A RE-MODULATION OF CONTROLS BASED ON PRODUCTION ORIENTATION.



Measures applied in case of an outbreak

✓ isolation of the horse

On confirmation

- ✓ Notification on the national information system
- ✓ Removal of cases (Isolated or Culled)
- ✓ Geolocalization of epidemiological unit
- ✓ Serological control of all animals present
- ✓ Adoption of biosecurity measures
- ✓ Adoption of area with active surveillance, as described previously

Which are the restrictions? Regulation Act 2020/688

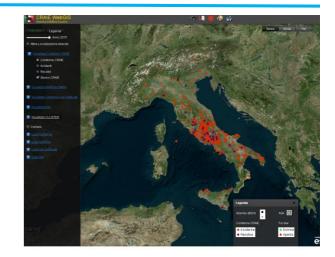
Art. 22 - the animals remaining in the establishment have to be tested for EIA by AGID or ELISA with negative results on samples taken on two occasions at least three months apart after the infected animals have not been killed and destroyed or slaughtered and the establishment has not been cleaned and disinfected.



Actions resulting from an outbreak



- ✓ epidemiological investigation
- ✓ backward and forward tracing (of the last 12 months)
- ✓ application of biosecurity measures



Subjects defined as "suspect" are controlled every six months

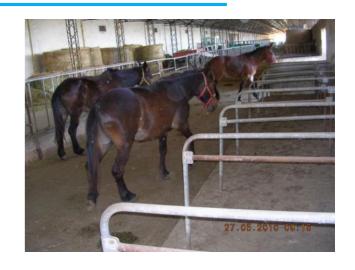
- 1. All equids resulting positive to the screening test which are still to be confirmed by NRL.
- 2. ELISA pos/AGID neg/IB pos.
- 3. All equids present in an outbreak until the conclusion of the foreseen controls.
- 4. Born to seropositive mares until the age of 12 months.
- 5. All equids presenting signs referable to EIA.





Biosecurity measures on EIA positive premises

Isolation area, even in an external paddock, which must assure a distance of at least 200m from even the temporary presence of other equids.



Otherwise, the equine must be kept in a closed shelter ensuring animal welfare under veterinary surveillance

Movement to other premises must be carried out in the evening and/or during night hours using an insect repellent. The vehicle used for transport must be again cleaned and disinfected after use.

Movement of EIA pos animals must be notified to the regional/provincial veterinary services of destination.



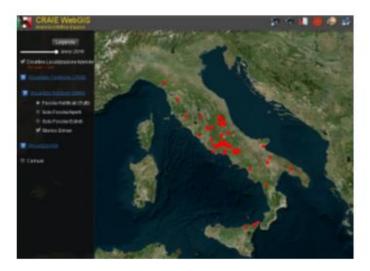


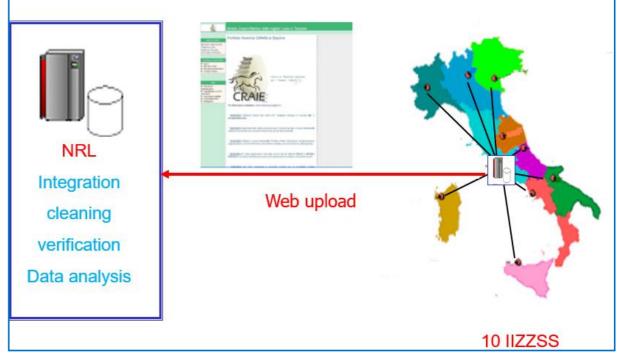
CRAIE WEBGIS

Starting from 2016, officially adopted at National level

A WEB-based geographic information system (WEBGIS) tool for the control of equine infectious <u>anemia</u> (EIA)

https://craie.izslt.it/craie/







CRAIE WEBGIS



■The CRAIEWEBGIS was developed to support the adoption of RBS **EIAV**

control of Cases:

- culling
- permanent "quarantine" within authorized premises (biosecurity)

..and Outbreaks:

- All equidae within 3 Km radius (AAS) tested within 30 days
- Outbreak extinction: positive cases removal and 2 negative test performed at a 90 day interval on the remaining equidae

Develop an efficient information system to:

- support Regional EIA Risk Based Surveillance
- ensure real time tracking of EIA outbreaks
- trigger immediate alerts on new cases and outbreaks
- provide instruments for outbreak management
- allow "on-field" risk evaluation and management
- provide immediate and updated information to health authorities



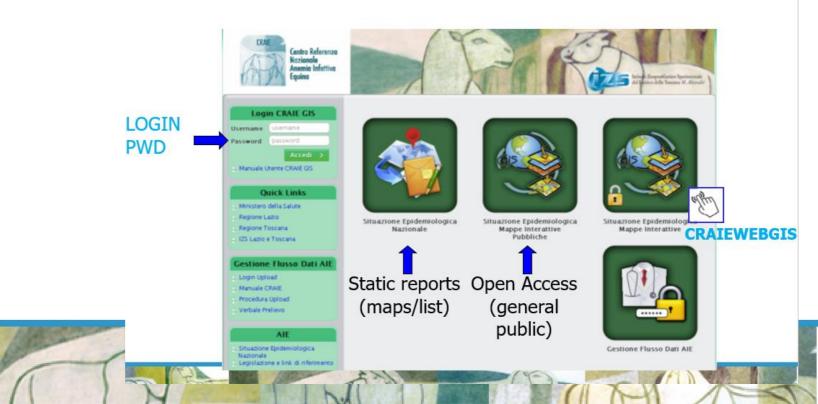
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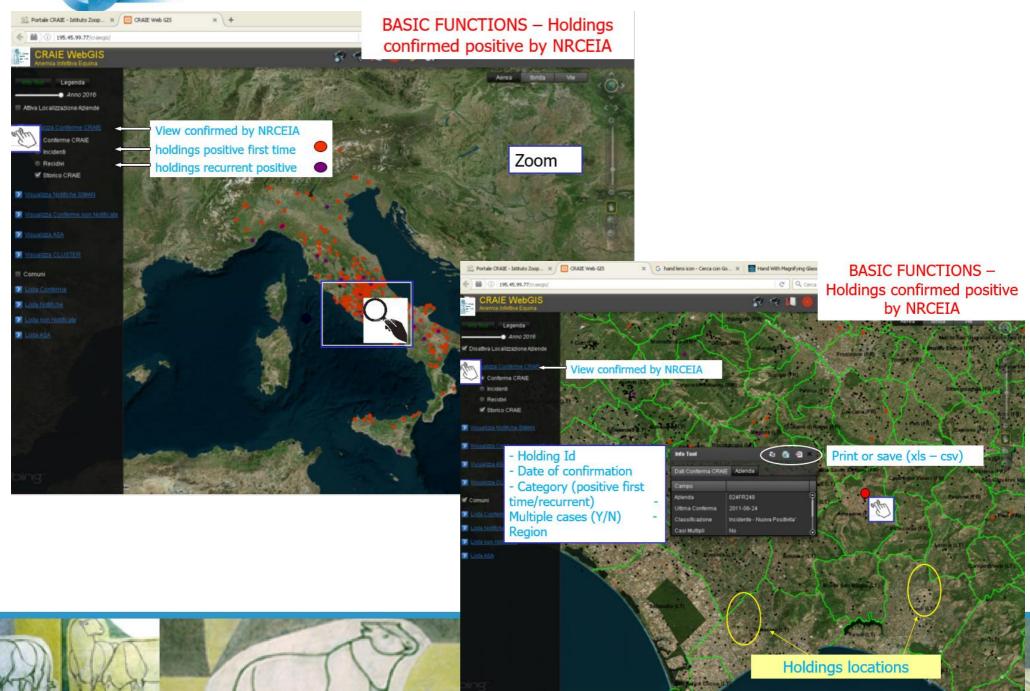
Basic Functions - CRAIEWEBGIS

- 1. Automatic integration of the data from different sources which are updated overnight
- 2. The WEB GIS system displays HOLDING geolocations
- 3. Dynamic (interactive) maps with the tracking of outbreak status
- Cursor activating pop-ups describing in detail each positive holding/outbreak



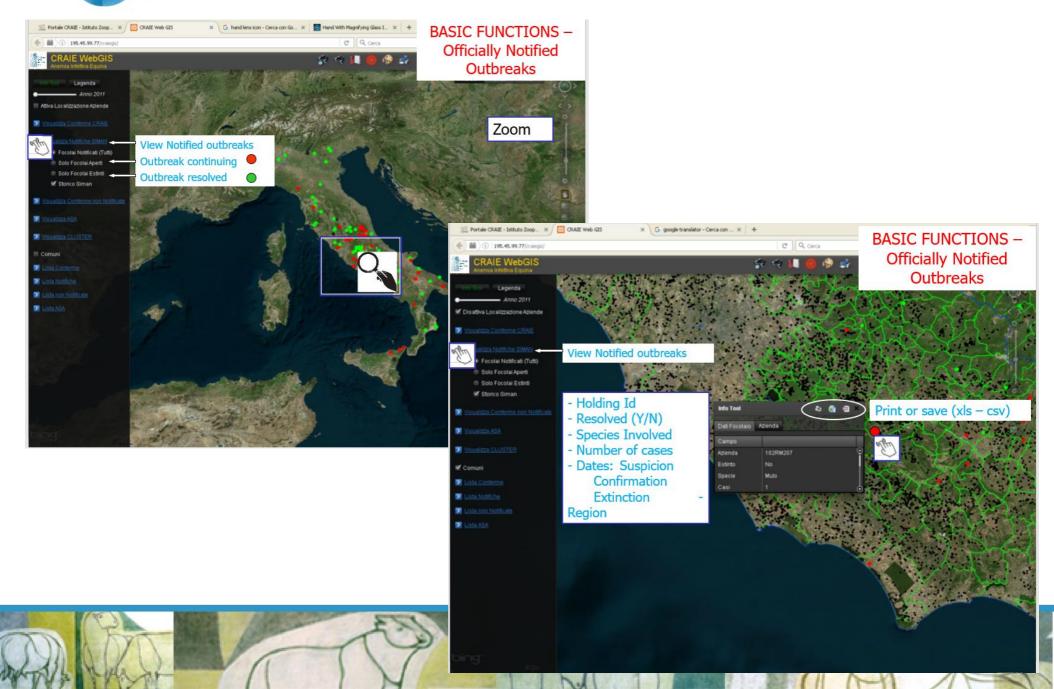
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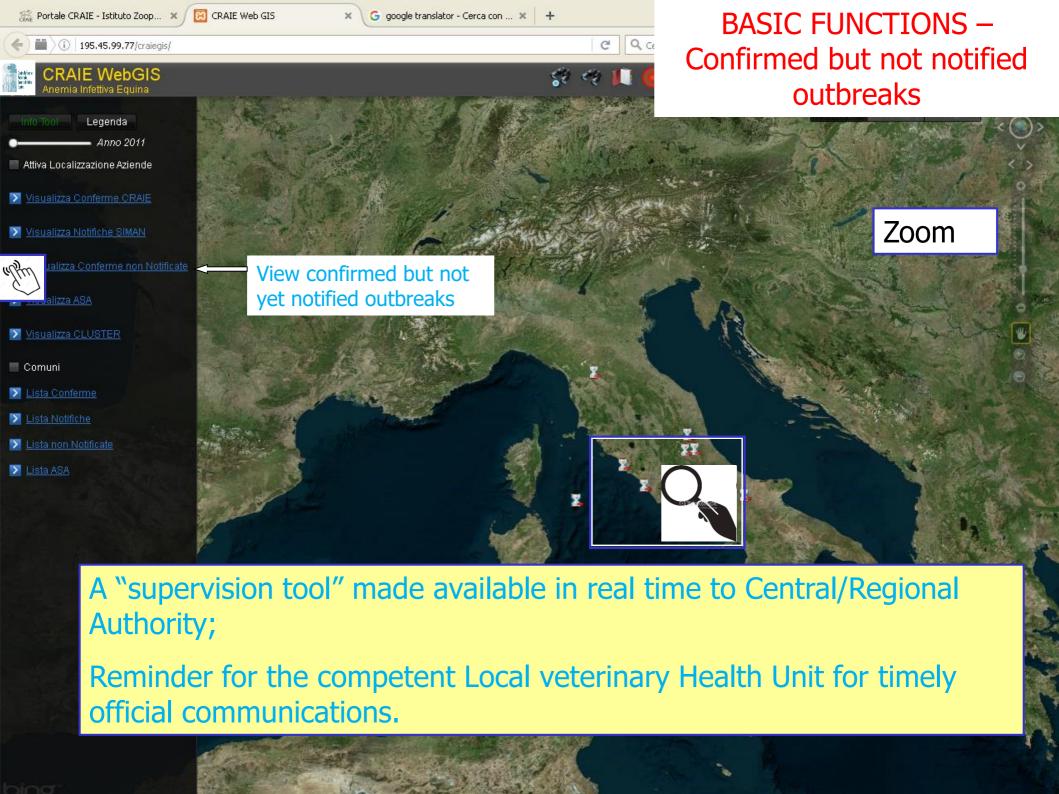




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Basic Functions - CRAIEWEBGIS

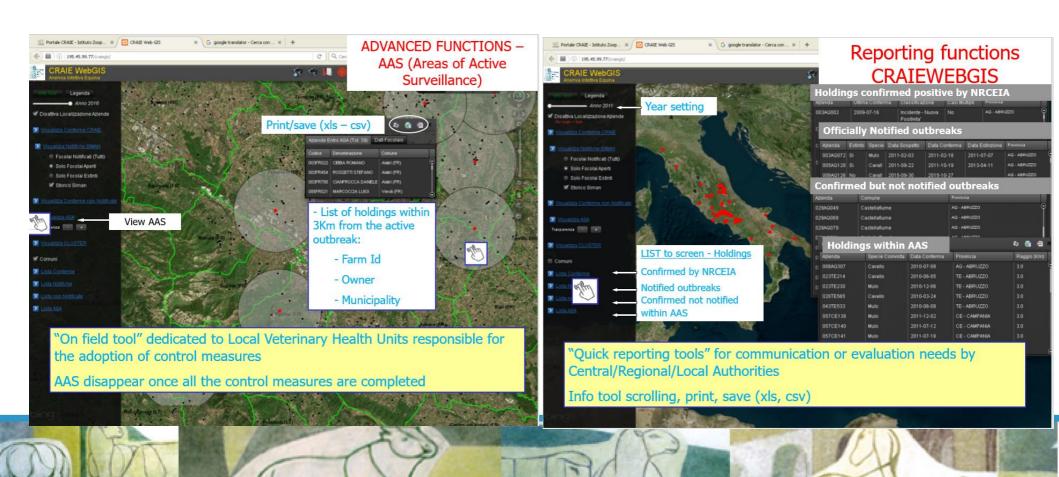






Advanced Functions CRAIEWEBGIS

- Automatic creation of Areas of Active Surveillance around an outbreak (AAS)
- Automated identification of holdings for control within the areas at risk (maps and lists)
- updates to the program are currently underway to improve its functionality





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